The Hong Kong Polytechnic University

Subject Description Form

Please read the notes at the end of the table carefully before completing the form.

Subject Code	APSS231				
Subject Title	Hong Kong Society				
Credit Value	3				
Level	2				
Pre-requisite / Co- requisite / Exclusion	Pre-requisite: APSS112 Introduction to Sociology				
Assessment Methods	Students must pass each of the	ressment acipation 20% and Table Discussion 30 % apper 50 % rade is calculated according to the percentage assigned;			
Objectives	assigned mark percentage) if they are to be considered as passing the subject. This subject intends to get students acquainted with a coherent body of knowledge concerning the socio-historical, socio-political and socio-cultural aspects of Hong Kong society. In the course of doing so, the subject will rely on sociological concepts, perspectives and theoretical statements to describe the social dynamics of Hong Kong society and identify its directions of change so as to prepare the students to face with the challenges and opportunities they are situated in.				
Intended Learning Outcomes (Note 1)	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. Grasp the social and historical development of Hong Kong from its early colonial rule to the post-hangover era; b. Apprehend the changing role of the colonial and the SAR government in light of the emerging social conflicts in the course of development of Hong Kong; and c. Assess the evolution of social ethos and the process of identity construction of Hong Kong Chinese as set against the above two backgrounds. 				
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Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus

(*Note 2*)

- 1. Depicting Early Colonial Rule of Hong Kong
- a) Colonial occupation: a reflection
- b) Societal formation
- c) Impact of the transition of statehood in China on Hong Kong
- 2. Socio-political Features of Hong Kong after Second World War
- a) Changing role of the government
- b) Changing form of the government
- c) Political disputes since the mid 1980s
- d) Forming and the performing of the HKSAR Government
- 3. Social Ethos of the Hong Kong Chinese
- a) The meaning of borrowed-place-borrowed-time mentality
- b) Emergence of the Hong Kong way of life
- c) The notion of civil society in Hong Kong
- d) The causes and implication of the emergence of the post-80/90 cohort
- e) Formation of and controversy over Hong Kong identity and the current HK-China tension

Teaching/Learning Methodology

(*Note 3*)

In addition to the delivery of lectures, the subject will rely heavily on TV documentaries of local production on related topics as supplementary teaching / learning materials. Online news is a must in supporting ad-hoc discussions of topics related to the curriculum. The students will be assessed, in a group, by the way they prepare and present the assigned discussion topic (such as accuracy of grasping core themes of reference materials, logic of argument, clarity of presentation), as well as their participation in the discussions led by other students. In addition, student will face individual assignments in the form of term paper.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

(Note 4)

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
		a	b	c			
Participation	20 %	V	√	V			
Round Table Discussion	30 %	√	√	√			
Term paper	50 %	√	√	√			
Total	100%						

Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:

The subject intends to bring the students to have a basic grasp of Hong Kong's socio-cultural and socio-political evolvement set against its historical backdrop, and so discussion among students is important. The participation component is for a continuous check of student's ability to understand with the flow of topics evolved, and the round table discussion is making a kind of e-platform dialogue and on-the-spot discussion available for ideas sharpening and consolidation. All these endeavors can be a very good preparation for students to focus on a chosen topic to write the

	term-end essay that will test their analytical power based on the societal dynamics that they have exposed to in the entire course.					
Student Study Effort	Class contact:					
Required	 Lecture 	27 Hrs.				
	 Round Table Discussion 	9 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:					
	Local documentary review at AV Section of library					
	Preparation for round table discussion and term paper	50 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort	116 Hrs.				
Medium of Instruction	Cantonese supplemented with English					
Medium of Assessment	Chinese / English					
Reading List and References	Essential					
	Cheng, Joseph (Ed.) (2014). <i>New Trends of Political Participation in Hong Kong</i> . Hong Kong: City University of Hong Kong Press.					
	Lam, Wai-man et.a.l (eds.) (2012). <i>Contemporary Hong Kong Governance</i> . Hong Kong: Hong Kong University Press.					
	Lau, S.K. (1991[1982]) <i>Society and politics in Hong Kong</i> . Hong Kong: The Chinese University Press.					
	鄭煒、袁瑋熙(編)(2018)。 社運年代:香港抗爭政治的軌跡 。香港:香港中文大學出版社。					
	馬傑偉、吳俊雄、呂大樂(編)(2009)。 香港文化政治 。香港 港大學出版社。					
	羅永生 (2015)。勾結共謀的殖民權力。香港:牛津大學出版社。					
	Supplementary					
	 Chiu, S. & Wong, S.L. (2011). Hong Kong Divided? Structures of Social Inequality in the 21st Century. Hong Kong: HKIAPS, CUHK. Ku, A., & Pun, N. (Eds.). (2004). <i>Remaking citizenship in Hong Kong. Community, nation and the global city</i>. London and New York: Routledge Curzon. 					
	Lau, S.K., & Kuan, H.C. (1988). <i>The ethos of the Hong Kong Chinese</i> . Hong Kong: The Chinese University Press.					

Last updated in August 201

Lo, S. (2001). *Governing Hong Kong: Legitimacy, communication and political decay*. New York: Nova Science Publishers.

Ngai, Pun & Yee L.M. (Eds.). *Narrating Hong Kong Culture and Identity*. Hong Kong: Oxford University Press.

王宏志 (2000)。**歷史的沉重:從香港看中國大陸的香港史論述**。香港:牛津大學出版社。

呂大樂(2015)。**香港模式:從現在式到過去式**。香港:中華書局。

林匡正(**2010**)。**八十年運動:香港新青年革命**。香港:次文化有限 公司。

香港大學學生會學苑《編》(2013)。**《香港民族論》**,香港:香港 大學學生會。

陳冠中(2006)。我這一代香港人。香港:牛津大學出版社。

陳雲(2014)。身土不二:中港超限戰。香港:四筆象。

蔡榮芳(2001)。**香港人之香港史**。香港:牛津大學出版社。

吳仲賢(1997)。大志末竟 - 吳仲賢文集。香港:吳葉麗容。

羅永生 (2013)。**殖民家國以外**。香港:牛津大學出版社。

謝均才(編)(2002)。**我們的地方我們的時間:香港社會新編**。香港:牛津大學出版社。

Note 1: Intended Learning Outcomes

Intended learning outcomes should state what students should be able to do or attain upon completion of the subject. Subject outcomes should contribute to the attainment of the overall programme outcomes.

Note 2: Subject Synopsis/Indicative Syllabus

The syllabus should adequately address the intended learning outcomes. At the same time, over-crowding of the syllabus should be avoided.

Note 3: Teaching/Learning Methodology

This section should include a brief description on teaching and learning methods used to facilitate learning, and a justification of how the methods may align with the intended learning outcomes of the subject.

Note 4: Assessment Method

This section should include the assessment method(s) used and its relative weighting, and indicate which of the subject intended learning outcomes that each method purports to assess. It should also provide a brief explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes.